

वस्त्रादि — जूट लूम्स के लिए पिच-बाउंड
वायर रीड — विशिष्टि

(तीसरा पुनरीक्षण)

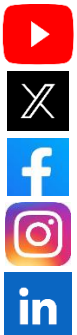
Textiles — Pitch-Bound Wire Reeds
for Jute Looms — Specification

(Third Revision)

ICS 59.120.30

© BIS 2025

Follow us @



भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो
BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS
मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली - 110002
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG
NEW DELHI - 110002
www.bis.gov.in www.standardsbis.in

July 2025

Price Group 6

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Third Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Textile Machinery and Accessories Sectional Committee had been approved by the Textiles Division Council.

Pitch-bound wire reeds for jute looms are specialized components crucial in weaving jute yarns. These reeds are treated with pitch, derived from coal tar or petroleum, enhancing their durability and performance within the loom.

In jute weaving, wire reeds hold warp threads in place while weft threads are woven through, forming the fabric. The pitch coating protects reeds from wear and tear due to friction, prolonging their lifespan and ensuring consistent weaving quality.

Pitch-bound wire reeds are indispensable in jute looms, facilitating efficient production of various jute-based products like sacks, bags, carpets, and textiles.

This standard was first published in 1960 and subsequently revised in 1968 and 1978. In this revision the following modifications have been done:

- a) Marking clause has been modified;
- b) Reference clause has been updated; and
- c) Sampling clause has been incorporated.

[Annex A](#) is a ready reference for converting porter into metric count.

The composition of the Committee responsible for the revision of this standard is given in [Annex B](#).

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2 : 2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

*Indian Standard***TEXTILES — PITCH-BOUND WIRE REEDS FOR JUTE
LOOMS — SPECIFICATION***(Third Revision)***1 SCOPE**

This standard covers dimensions and other requirement of pitch-bound reeds used in the jute industry.

2 REFERENCES

The standards give below contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of these standards:

<i>IS No.</i>	<i>Title</i>
IS 1141 : 1993	Seasoning of timber — Code of practice (<i>second revision</i>)
IS 2500 (Part 1) : 1999	Sampling procedure for 2000/ISO 2859-1 : inspection by attributes: Part 1 Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection (<i>third revision</i>)
IS 8566 : 1977	Specification for steel wire for reeds

3 NOMENCLATURE

The shape and the name of various components of

pitch-bound wire reeds are given in [Fig. 1](#).

4 MATERIALS**4.1 Dents**

The reed wire used for making dents shall conform to IS 8566.

4.2 The ribs should be made from well-seasoned timber of suitable species (*see also* IS 1141).

4.3 The cotton or jute twine used should be uniformly bitumanized and shall be free from knots.

4.4 The recommended size of back wire used for reinforcing baulks is 3.25 mm × 1.00 mm.

5 WORKMANSHIP

5.1 The pitch or coal tar used in twine shall not have trickled down from one baulk towards the other and it shall also not have permeated the paper covering.

5.2 The dents shall be rust free, shall have rounded edges, and shall be finished smooth.

6 DIMENSIONS

6.1 The principal dimensions of the pitch-bound wire reed for jute looms shall be as given in [Table 1](#).

Table 1 Principal Dimensions*(Clause [6.1](#))*

SI No.	Characteristic	Requirement		Tolerance
		For Narrow Looms	For Broad Looms	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
i)	Overall width, mm	As agreed		± 5 mm
ii)	Overall height, mm	140	165	± 3 mm
iii)	Working (inside) height, mm	As agreed		± 2 mm

To access Indian Standards click on the link below:

https://www.services.bis.gov.in/php/BIS_2.0/bisconnect/knowyourstandards/Indian_standards/isdetails/

Table 1 (Concluded)

Sl No.	Characteristic	Requirement		Tolerance
		For Narrow Looms	For Broad Looms	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
iv)	Depth of dent, mm	3.25	6.00	± 0.05 mm within a reed and ± 0.10 mm between the reeds
v)	Thickness of baulk, mm	16.0	17.5	± 1.5 mm
vi)	Angle of dent	90°		$\pm 2^\circ$

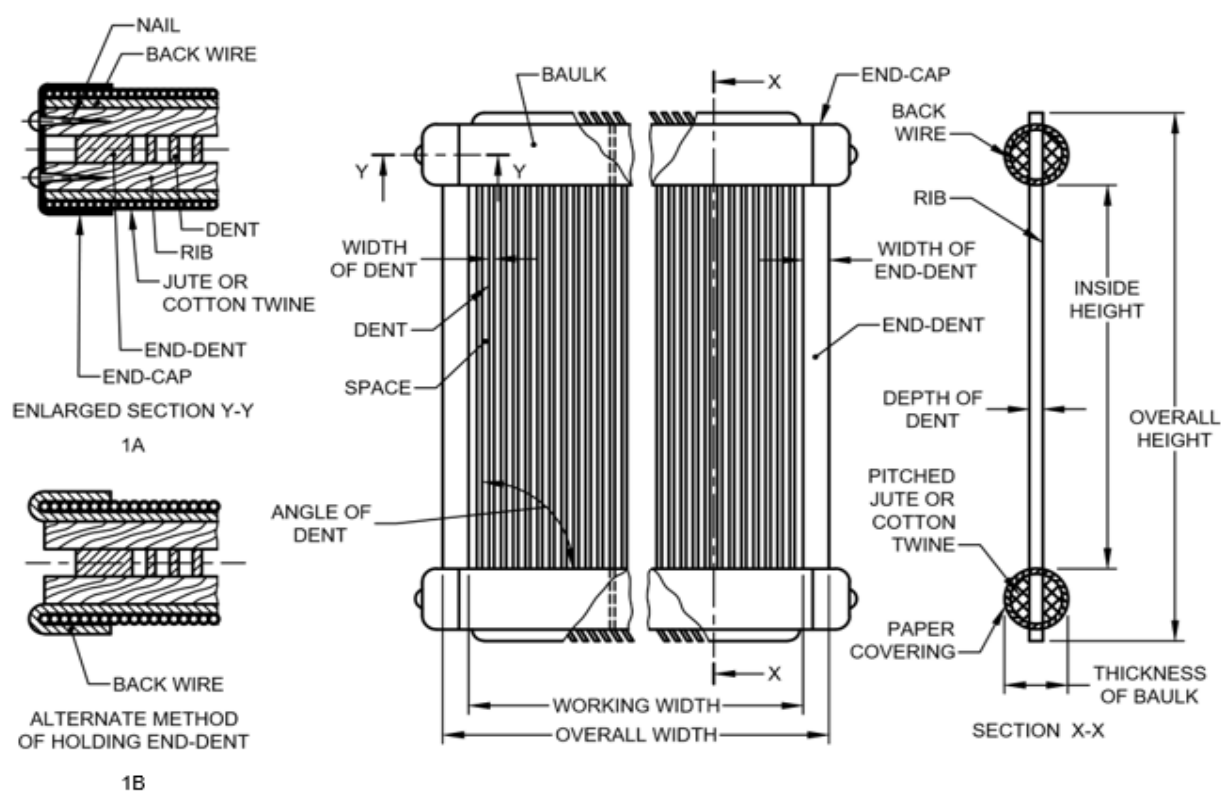


FIG. 1 NOMENCLATURE

6.2 Dent Width

The count wise width of dent shall be as follows:

Sl No.	Count of Reed	Width of	
		Dent mm	End Dent mm
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	For narrow looms:		
	a) Up to and including 12	2.00	5.75
	b) Above 12 up to and including 17	1.60	
	c) Above 17 up to and including 19	1.40	
	d) Above 19 up to and including 32	1.20	
ii)	For broad looms:		
	a) Up to and including 35	1.00	0.70
	b) Above 35	0.70	

NOTE — The tolerance shall be ± 0.05 within a reed and ± 0.10 between reeds for width of dent ± 1.00 mm for width of dent.

6.3 Count of Reed

The count of reed shall be as specified in the contract or order (or as declared on the reed) subject to a tolerance of ± 0.064 metric count.

The metric count shall be determined by:

- a) Counting the number of units (each consisting of one dent and one air space) per decimetre (100 mm) at 5 different places on the reed and taking its average.
(Porter of reed = metric count/2.13)

or

- b) Measuring the average of 5 readings for the distance covered by 20 units (each consisting of one dent and one air space) in millimetres on the reed (say x mm), then
metric count = $\frac{2000}{x}$
(Porter = $939.8/x$)

NOTE — This method eliminates any error arising out of fraction of a unit of one dent and one air space in the method in [6.3\(a\)](#).

7 DESIGNATION

The reed shall be designated as follows:

Count of reed \times overall width (mm) \times depth of dents (mm)

Example:

$$12 \times 940 \times 3.25$$

8 SAMPLING

Unless otherwise agreed to between the buyer and the seller, to ascertain the conformity of product(s) to the requirements of this specification, or as specified in IS 2500 (Part 1) shall be followed.

9 MARKING

9.1 Each reed shall be marked with reed count on end dents.

9.2 The declared porter of reed in the marking (if so required by the purchaser) shall not form the basis of any arbitration.

9.3 Each bundle or case shall be marked with the following:

- Designation of reed (*see* [7](#));
- Number of reeds in bundle or case;
- Manufacturer's name and/or trade-mark;
- Indication of the source of manufacture; and
- Other declarations required as per law in force.

9.4 BIS Certification Marking

The product(s) conforming to the requirements of this standard may be certified as per the conformity assessment schemes under the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016* and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder, and the products may be marked with the Standard Mark.

10 PACKING

10.1 Each reed shall be wrapped with good quality wax paper after antirust oil has been applied to it.

10.2 A suitable number of wrapped reeds (*see [10.1](#)*) shall be packed with waterproof paper in bundles and/or cases as specified in the contract or order.

ANNEX A

*(Foreword)***METRIC REED COUNTS CORRESPONDING TO 5 TO 24 PORTERS**

[Metric reed count = No. of units (each consisting of one dent and one air space) per decimetre].

<i>Sl No.</i>	<i>Porter</i>	<i>Metric Reed Count</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
i)	5	10.5
ii)	$5\frac{1}{4}$	11.0
iii)	$5\frac{1}{2}$	11.5
iv)	$5\frac{3}{4}$	12.0
v)	6	13.0
vi)	$6\frac{1}{4}$	13.5
vii)	$6\frac{1}{2}$	14.0
viii)	$6\frac{3}{4}$	14.5
ix)	7	15.0
x)	$7\frac{1}{4}$	15.5
xi)	$7\frac{1}{2}$	16.0
xii)	$7\frac{3}{4}$	16.5
xiii)	8	17.0
xiv)	$8\frac{1}{4}$	17.5
xv)	$8\frac{1}{2}$	18.0
xvi)	$8\frac{3}{4}$	18.5
xvii)	9	19.0
xviii)	$9\frac{1}{4}$	19.5
xix)	$9\frac{1}{2}$	20.0
xx)	$9\frac{3}{4}$	20.5
xxi)	10	21.5
xxii)	$10\frac{1}{4}$	22.0
xxiii)	$10\frac{1}{2}$	22.5
xxiv)	$10\frac{3}{4}$	23.0

Table (Continued)

<i>Sl No.</i>	<i>Porter</i>	<i>Metric Reed Count</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
xxv)	11	23.5
xxvi)	$11\frac{1}{4}$	24.0
xxvii)	$11\frac{1}{2}$	24.5
xxviii)	$11\frac{3}{4}$	25.0
xxix)	12	25.5
xxx)	$12\frac{1}{4}$	26.0
xxxi)	$12\frac{1}{2}$	26.5
xxxii)	$12\frac{3}{4}$	27.0
xxxiii)	13	27.5
xxxiv)	$13\frac{1}{4}$	28.0
xxxv)	$13\frac{1}{2}$	28.5
xxxvi)	$13\frac{3}{4}$	29.5
xxxvii)	14	30.0
xxxviii)	$14\frac{1}{4}$	30.5
xxxix)	$14\frac{1}{2}$	31.0
xl)	$14\frac{3}{4}$	31.5
xli)	15	32.0
xl ii)	$15\frac{1}{4}$	32.5
xl iii)	$15\frac{1}{2}$	33.0
xl iv)	$15\frac{3}{4}$	33.5
xl v)	16	34.0
xl vi)	$16\frac{1}{2}$	35.0
xl vii)	17	36.0
xl viii)	$17\frac{1}{2}$	37.0
xl ix)	18	38.5
l)	$18\frac{1}{2}$	39.5
li)	19	40.5
li i)	$19\frac{1}{2}$	41.5

Table (Concluded)

<i>Sl No.</i>	<i>Porter</i>	<i>Metric Reed Count</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
liii)	20	42.5
liv)	$20\frac{1}{2}$	43.5
lv)	21	44.5
lvi)	$21\frac{1}{2}$	46.0
lvii)	22	47.0
lviii)	$22\frac{1}{2}$	48.0
lix)	23	49.0
lx)	$23\frac{1}{2}$	50.0
lxi)	24	51.0

ANNEX B

(Foreword)

COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

Textile Machinery and Accessories Sectional Committee, TXD 14

<i>Organization</i>	<i>Representative(s)</i>
Central Manufacturing Technology Institute, Bengaluru	DR NAGAHANUMAIAN (<i>Chairperson</i>)
Bajaj Industries Private Limited, Kolkata	REPRESENTATIVE
Bombay Textile Research Association, Mumbai	SHRI VIJAY GAWDE SHRI R. A. SHAIKH (<i>Alternate</i>)
Central Manufacturing Technology Institute, Bengaluru	SHRI B. R. MOHANRAJ SHRI K. SARAVANAN (<i>Alternate</i>)
Confederation of Indian Textile Industry, New Delhi	SHRIMATI CHANDRIMA CHATTERJEE SHRI ANMOL GUPTA (<i>Alternate</i>)
ICAR - Central Institute for Research on Cotton Technology, Mumbai	DR N. SHANMUGAM DR T. SENTHIL KUMAR (<i>Alternate</i>)
India ITME Society, Mumbai	SHRI S. SENTHIL KUMAR SHRIMATI SEEMA SRIVASTAVA (<i>Alternate</i>)
Indian Jute Industries Research Association, Kolkata	SHRIMATI SOUMITA CHOUDHURY SHRI PARTHA SANYAL (<i>Alternate</i>)
Indian Jute Mills Association, Kolkata	SHRI BHUDIPTA SAHA SHRI TANMOY SINGHA (<i>Alternate</i>)
Indian Textile Accessories and Machinery Manufacturers Association, Mumbai	SHRI N. D. MHATRE SHRI CHANDRESH SHAH (<i>Alternate</i>)
Inspiron Engineering Private Limited, Ahmedabad	SHRI ANKUR SONI
Lagan Engineering Company Limited, Kolkata	REPRESENTATIVE
Lakshmi Machine Works Limited, Coimbatore	SHRIMATI KALPANA A. SHRIMATI DIVYA V. (<i>Alternate</i>)
Laxmi Shuttleless Looms Private Limited, Ahmedabad	SHRI KETAN SANGHVI
Lohia Corp Limited, Kanpur	SHRI HITESH UPENDRA BHONDE SHRI HIMANSHU SHUKLA (<i>Alternate</i>)
Ludlow Jute Limited, Kolkata	REPRESENTATIVE

<i>Organization</i>	<i>Representative(s)</i>
Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, Department of Heavy Industry, New Delhi	REPRESENTATIVE
National Safety Council, Navi Mumbai	SHRI LALIT R. GABHANE SHRI R. R. DEOGHARE (<i>Alternate</i>)
Office of the Textile Commissioner, Mumbai	SHRI N. K. SINGH SHRI NAROTTAM KUMAR (<i>Alternate</i>)
Peass Industrial Engineers Private Limited, Navsari	SHRI RAVI S. RAO SHRI NITINKUMAR SURESHBHAI PATEL (<i>Alternate</i>)
Textile Machinery Manufacturers Association, Mumbai	SHRI PRASHANT MANGUKIA SHRI ASHOK KUMAR PAL (<i>Alternate</i>)
The Synthetic and Art Silk Mills Research Association, Mumbai	DR MANISHA MATHUR SHRI SANJAY SAINI (<i>Alternate</i>)
Truetzschler India Private Limited, Ahmedabad	SHRI PRAVIN KANDGE SHRI SHILADITYA JOSHI (<i>Alternate</i>)
BIS Directorate General	SHRI J. K. GUPTA, SCIENTIST 'E'/DIRECTOR and HEAD (TEXTILES) [REPRESENTING DIRECTOR GENERAL (<i>Ex-officio</i>)]

Member Secretary
SHRI SWAPNIL
SCIENTIST 'B'/ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
(TEXTILES), BIS

Bureau of Indian Standards

BIS is a statutory institution established under the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016* to promote harmonious development of the activities of standardization, marking and quality certification of goods and attending to connected matters in the country.

Copyright

BIS has the copyright of all its publications. No part of these publications may be reproduced in any form without the prior permission in writing of BIS. This does not preclude the free use, in the course of implementing the standard, of necessary details, such as symbols and sizes, type or grade designations. Enquiries relating to copyright be addressed to the Head (Publication & Sales), BIS.

Review of Indian Standards

Amendments are issued to standards as the need arises on the basis of comments. Standards are also reviewed periodically; a standard along with amendments is reaffirmed when such review indicates that no changes are needed; if the review indicates that changes are needed, it is taken up for revision. Users of Indian Standards should ascertain that they are in possession of the latest amendments or edition by referring to the website- www.bis.gov.in or www.standardsbis.in.

This Indian Standard has been developed from Doc No.: TXD 14 (26236).

Amendments Issued Since Publication

Amend No.	Date of Issue	Text Affected

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110002

Telephones: 2323 0131, 2323 3375, 2323 9402

Website: www.bis.gov.in

Regional Offices:

	Telephones
Central : 601/A, Konnectus Tower -1, 6 th Floor, DMRC Building, Bhavbhuti Marg, New Delhi 110002	{ 2323 7617
Eastern : 8 th Floor, Plot No 7/7 & 7/8, CP Block, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal 700091	{ 2367 0012 2320 9474
Northern : Plot No. 4-A, Sector 27-B, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh 160019	{ 265 9930
Southern : C.I.T. Campus, IV Cross Road, Taramani, Chennai 600113	{ 2254 1442 2254 1216
Western : 5 th Floor/MTNL CETTM, Technology Street, Hiranandani Gardens, Powai, Mumbai 400076	{ 2570 0030 2570 2715

Branches : AHMEDABAD, BENGALURU, BHOPAL, BHUBANESHWAR, CHANDIGARH, CHENNAI, COIMBATORE, DEHRADUN, DELHI, FARIDABAD, GHAZIABAD, GUWAHATI, HARYANA (CHANDIGARH), HUBLI, HYDERABAD, JAIPUR, JAMMU, JAMSHEDPUR, KOCHI, KOLKATA, LUCKNOW, MADURAI, MUMBAI, NAGPUR, NOIDA, PARWANOO, PATNA, PUNE, RAIPUR, RAJKOT, SURAT, VIJAYAWADA.