

भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो  
BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

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*भारतीय मानक मसौदा*

भूवस्त्रादि और भूवस्त्रादि-संबंधित उत्पाद — विशिष्ट छिद्र माप का निर्धारण  
(गीली छलनीकरण)

*Draft Indian Standard*

GEOTEXTILES AND GEOTEXTILE-RELATED PRODUCTS —  
DETERMINATION OF THE CHARACTERISTIC OPENING SIZE  
(WET SIEVING)

ICS : 59.080.70

Geosynthetics Sectional  
Committee, TXD 30

Last date for receipt of comments is  
**23 September 2025**

NATIONAL FOREWORD

*(Formal clauses will be added later)*

This Indian Standard intended to be adopted is identical with ISO 12956 : 2019 ‘Geotextiles and geotextile-related products — Determination of the characteristic opening size (wet sieving)’ issued by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

The conditioning temperature of  $(20 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$  as specified in International Standard is not suitable for tropical countries like India where the atmospheric temperature is normally much higher than  $20 ^\circ\text{C}$ . It is almost impossible to maintain this temperature specially during summer when the atmospheric temperature rises even up to  $50 ^\circ\text{C}$ . In view of the above, IS 6359 : 2023 ‘Method for conditioning of textiles (first revision)’ which specifies a temperature of  $(27 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$  for conditioning of the test specimens for the tropical countries like India shall be referred.

The text of ISO Standard has been approved as suitable for publication as an Indian Standard without deviations. Certain conventions are, however, not identical to those used in Indian Standards. Attention is particularly drawn to the following:

- a) Wherever the words ‘International Standard’ appear referring to this standard, they should be read as ‘Indian Standard’.
- b) Comma (,) has been used as a decimal marker while in Indian Standards, the current practice is to use a point (.) as the decimal marker.

In the standard intended to be adopted, reference appears to certain International Standards for which Indian Standards also exist. The corresponding Indian Standards which are to be substituted in their respective places are listed below along with their degree of equivalence for the editions indicated:

<i>International Standard</i>	<i>Corresponding Indian Standard</i>	<i>Degree of Equivalence</i>
ISO 9862, Geosynthetics — Sampling and preparation of test specimens	IS 14706 : 2024 Geosynthetics — Sampling and preparation of test specimens ( <i>first revision</i> )	Identical
ISO 10320, Geotextiles and geotextile-related products — Identification on site	IS 17421 : 2020 Geosynthetics — Identification on site	Identical

In reporting the result of a test or analysis made in accordance with this standard, if the final value, observed or calculated, is to be rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with IS 2 : 2022 ‘Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)’.

**EXTRACT OF ISO 12956 : 2019 GEOTEXTILES AND GEOTEXTILE-RELATED PRODUCTS — DETERMINATION OF THE CHARACTERISTIC OPENING SIZE (WET SIEVING)**

**Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be

in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 221, *Geosynthetics*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 12956:2010), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the average used in order to select the number of specimens is modified (25 % to 15 %);
- explanations are given for the preparation of knitted tubular geotextiles.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

**IMPORTANT** The electronic file of this document contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of the document. Users should therefore consider printing this document using a colour printer.

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of the characteristic size of the openings of a single layer of a geotextile or geotextile-related product using the wet-sieving principle.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- ISO 9862, *Geosynthetics — Sampling and preparation of test specimens*
- ISO 10320, *Geosynthetics — Identification on site*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

### 3.1

$d_n$

particle size for which  $n$  % mass fraction is smaller than the mass of measured particles

### 3.2

$O_{90}$

size of opening which is equal to the particle of size  $d_{90}$  of the granular material which passes through the geotextile or geotextile-related product, expressed in  $\mu\text{m}$

### 3.3

$C_u$

coefficient of uniformity, defined as  $d_{60}/d_{10}$

## FORMAT FOR SENDING COMMENTS ON BIS DOCUMENTS

(Please use A4 size sheet of paper only and type within fields indicated. Comments on each clause/sub clause/table/fig etc. be started on a fresh box. Information in column 3 should include reasons for the comments and suggestions for modified working of the clauses when the existing text is found not acceptable. Adherence to this format facilitates Secretariat's work)

*Please e-mail your comments to* [txd@bis.gov.in](mailto:txd@bis.gov.in)

NAME OF THE COMMENTATOR/ORGANIZATION:

**DOCUMENT NO:** TXD 30 (28446) WC

**BIS LETTER REFERENCE NO. :** TXD 30 (28446)

Item, Clause Sub-Clause No. Commented upon (Use Separate Box afresh)	Comments	Specific Proposal (Draft clause to be add/amended)	Remarks	Technical References and justification on which (2), (3), (4) are based
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

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